

This Product Highlights Sheet is an important document.

- It highlights the key terms and risks of the ILP Sub-Fund and complements the Product Summary. It is important to read the Product Summary before deciding whether to purchase the ILP Sub-Fund.
- If you do not have a copy, please contact us to ask for one.
- You should not invest in the ILP Sub-Fund if you do not understand it or are not comfortable with the accompanying risks.

R154 FPIL Invesco Asian Equity (Invests in Invesco Funds - Invesco Asian Equity C USD)

Product Type (Specified Investment Product)	ILP Sub-Fund ¹	Launch Date	March 2014
Management Company	Invesco Management S.A.	Custodian	AllFunds Bank S.A.U
Capital Guaranteed	No	Dealing Frequency	Every Uk Business Day
Name of Guarantor	N/A	Expense Ratio for the	1.35% (as at
	SUB-FUND SUI	underlying Fund	15/11/24)
WHO IS THE SUB-FUND S -The ILP Sub-Fund is only s term via exposure to Asian -It is important to remember is not guaranteed and can invest money that can be co mind that securities held wit so unit prices may fall purely -Please note that Friends P intended for medium to lor surrender. If you do surrend note that the earlier you term	Further Information -Refer to the 'Fees and Charges' section in the relevant Product Summary. -Refer to 'Appendix A' within the underlying Fund's Prospectus for further information on the suitability of the underlying fund.		
	KEY FEATURES OF 1	THE SUB-FUND	Defende the Oceation
 WHAT ARE YOU INVESTII -You are investing in an ILP "underlying fund"), apart from optimise dealing efficiencies balance limit of up to 0.75% The underlying fund is an ir income, any income received 	-Refer to the 'Section 4 - The SICAV and its Shares' and 'Appendix A' of the underlying Fund's Prospectus for further information on the features of the underlying fund		
*The underlying Fund is a S Investment Company incorp Commission de Surveilland	underlying fund.		

¹ For an ILP Sub-Fund that feeds 100% into an underlying fund, some information provided below could be similar to the underlying fund. In this instance, this ILP Sub-Fund will at a minimum, feed 99.25% into the underlying fund, Invesco Asian Equity Fund.



Prepared on 28/02/2025 **Investment Strategy** -The underlying fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing primarily in Equity or -Refer to the Equity related securities of, (i) companies and other entities with their registered office in 'Appendix A - Equity an Asian country. (ii) companies and other entities with their registered office outside of Funds - Asia' and Asia but carrying out their business activities predominantly in one or more Asian 'Section 7 countries or, (iii) holding companies, the interests of which are predominantly invested in Investment companies with their registered office in an Asian country. Restrictions' sections of the underlying -Up to 30% of NAV of the underlying fund may be invested in Money Market Instruments, Fund's Prospectus for Equity and Equity related securities, issued by companies and other entities not meeting further information on the above requirements or Debt Securities (including convertibles) of Asian issuers. the investment -Up to 20% of the NAV of the underlying fund may be exposed to China A-Shares listed strategy of the on the Shanghai or Shenzhen Stock Exchanges, via Stock Connect. underlying fund. -The underlying fund may enter into Financial Derivative Instruments as set out in the underlying fund's prospectus for Efficient Portfolio Management and hedging purposes only. -This underlying fund will engage in Securities Lending, however, the proportion lent out at any time will be dependent on dynamics including, but not limited to, ensuring a reasonable rate of return for the lending fund and borrowing demand in the market. Parties Involved WHO ARE YOU INVESTING WITH? -Refer to the 'Section 9 -The SICAV, its Management and Management Company of the underlying Fund: Invesco Management S.A. Administration' section of the underlying Investment Manager of the underlying Fund: Invesco Asset Management Limited Fund's Prospectus for further information on Sub-Investment Manager of the underlying Fund: Invesco Asset Management the roles and Singapore Ltd responsibilities of these entities and Depositary of the underlying Fund: Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV, Luxembourg what happens if they become insolvent. Branch **KEY RISKS** WHAT ARE THE KEY RISKS OF THIS INVESTMENT? Further Information -Refer to the -The value of an investment is not guaranteed and can go up and down depending on 'Valuations and performance. You could get back less than you have paid in. At times, the ILP Sub-Fund Pricing' section of may (Subject to the Appointed Actuary's agreement and provisions allowed for in the Policy **vour Policy Conditions** Conditions) need to change the way its price is calculated, to ensure that those moving in for further information. and out of the ILP Sub-Fund are fairly treated. This can have a negative effect on the ILP Sub-Fund's price and performance. -Refer to 'Section 8 -Risk Warnings' -Fund managers have the ability, in exceptional circumstances, to suspend trading in their section of the funds for as long as necessary. When this occurs, we will need to delay the redeeming or underlving Fund's switching of units in the relevant fund. You may not be able to access your money during Prospectus for further this period. information on the risks of the underlying These risk factors may cause you to lose some or all your investment: fund. -Refer to the 'Risks' section of the relevant Product Summary for further information.



Market and Credit Risks

Currency risks: The underlying fund's assets may be invested in securities denominated in currencies other than the base currency of the underlying fund. The Net Asset Value of the underlying fund may be adversely impacted by changes in exchange rates between such securities and the base currency of the underlying fund.

Volatility risks: Investors should note that volatility in the underlying fund's investment portfolio may result in large fluctuations in the Net Asset Value of the underlying fund. This may adversely affect the Net Asset Value per share of the underlying fund, and investors may as a result suffer losses.

Equity risks: The value of, and income derived from, equity securities held may fall as well as rise and the underlying fund may not recoup the original amount invested in such securities. The prices of, and the income generated by, equity securities may decline in response to certain events, including the activities and results of the issuer, general economic and market conditions, regional or global economic instability and currency and interest rate fluctuations. Thus, this may adversely influence the underlying fund and/or the interests of investors.

Interest Rate risks: The Bonds or Fixed Income Securities that the underlying fund invests in may fall in value if the interest rates change. Longer-term Debt Securities are usually more sensitive to interest rate changes.

Liquidity Risks

Liquidity risks: The underlying fund may be adversely affected by a decrease in market liquidity for the securities in which it invests which may impair the underlying fund's ability to execute transactions. In such circumstances, some of the underlying fund's securities may become illiquid which means the underlying fund may have trouble in selling securities at a fair price within a timely manner.

Product-Specific Risks

Emerging Markets risks: Investments in Emerging Markets may be more volatile than investments in more developed markets. Some of these markets may have relatively unstable governments, economies based on only a few industries and securities markets that trade only a limited number of securities. Investors should note the special considerations not typically associated with investment in more developed markets such as, liquidity risk, currency risks/control, political and economic uncertainties, policy, legal or regulatory events affecting the relevant markets and taxation risks, settlement risks, custody risk and the likelihood of a high degree of volatility.

Stock Connect risks: Investments through Stock Connect are subject to additional risks, namely, guota limitations, suspension risk, operational risk, restrictions on selling imposed by front-end monitoring, recalling of eligible stocks, clearing and settlement risks, nominee arrangements in holding China A-Shares and regulatory risk.

FEES AND CHARGES WHAT ARE THE FEES AND CHARGES OF THIS INVESTMENT? -Refer to the section -Charges are deducted by both FPIL and the underlying investment managers at each on 'Fees and valuation point before calculating the unit price, as set out below. Charges' in the relevant Product FPIL charges (payable directly by you) Summary.

-You will need to pay an ILP Sub-Fund administration charge of 1.2%.

-There is currently no charge for switching Funds although switching to a Fund which differs -Refer to the from your plan currency may involve a cost associated with currency exchange. However, we reserve the right to charge for switches under certain conditions. -Any sales and/or redemption charges will be determined by the terms of your Policy Conditions.

Underlying investment managers' charges (these charges are as at 15/11/24 and are payable by the ILP Sub-Fund from invested proceeds)

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'Charges' section of your Policy Conditions for further information.



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Annual Management Charge	e (AMC) 1.00%		
Additional Expenses	0.3%		
Expense Ratio	1.35%		
Performance Fee	Nil		
V	ALUATIONS AND EXITING F	ROM THIS INVESTMENT	
HOW OFTEN ARE VALUATI	Further Information		
-Every UK Business Day	-Refer to the		
Latest Fund prices can be ob	'Valuations and		
HOW CAN YOU EXIT FROM COSTS IN DOING SO?	Pricing' section of your Policy Condition for further informatio		
-There is a cooling off period of you decide to exit the policy of (enclosed with your Policy I together with the original Pol shortfall (if any) as a result of your wish to cancel. If you ele penalties may be applied.	on 'Fees and Charges' in the relevant Product		
switch all or part of your hold Switch/Redirection Request fo a bid-to-bid basis, without cha	est in the FPIL ILP Sub-Fund lings into an alternative fund(s orm, signed. Switching from c arge (although we do reserve t s, the relevant exchange rates	s) by sending us a completed one fund to another is done or he right to charge). If you are	
	receive will be the realisation p s. An example (assuming a re		
Realisation price proceeds	Number of units sold	Gross Realisation	
S\$0.93	x 100,000	= S\$93,000	
Gross Realisation price	Realisation Fee	Net Realisation	
proceeds			
proceeds S\$93,000	- S\$3,720	= S\$89,280	

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APPENDIX: GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Bond/Fixed Interest Security

A type of investment that represents a written promise to repay a debt at an agreed time and to pay an agreed rate of interest on that debt. It provides periodic payments (which may be fixed or variable) and the return of capital at maturity. Generally, because these types of assets guarantee an income and can be less risky than other types of assets, they offer a lower return.

China A-Shares

Shares issued by companies listed on the Shanghai or Shenzhen stock exchange and denominated in RMB.

Debt Securities

A debt instrument that can be bought or sold between two parties. Examples of Debt Securities include Government Bonds, Preferred Stock and Mortgage-Backed Securities.

Net Asset Value (NAV)

Net Asset Value is the value of the net assets of a fund after deduction of all expenses.



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Efficient Portfolio Management (EPM)

EPM is a set of standards for prudent management of investment Funds. The standards call for economically appropriate transactions that reduce risk, reduce cost or generate additional capital or income. For example, a currency overlay strategy using derivative instruments could be used to reduce volatility in asset returns resulting from currency fluctuations or be used to take advantage of these fluctuations to gain extra return.

Emerging Markets

Typically includes markets within countries that have an underdeveloped or developing infrastructure with significant potential for economic growth and increased capital market participation for foreign investors. These countries generally possess some of the following characteristics: recent economic liberalisation, debt ratings below investment grade, recent liberalisation of the political system and non-membership of the Organisation of Economic Cooperation and Development. Because many emerging countries do not allow short selling or offer viable futures or other derivatives products with which to hedge, Emerging Market investing entails investing in geographic regions that have underdeveloped capital markets and exhibit high growth rates and high rates of inflation. Investing in Emerging Markets can be very volatile and may involve currency, political and liquidity risk.

Equities

Ownership positions in companies that can be traded in public markets. Often produce current income which may be paid in the form of dividends. In the event of the company going bankrupt, Equity holders' claims are subordinate to the claims of preferred stockholders and bondholders

Expense Ratio

The Expense Ratio provides customers with an indication of the overall costs of investing in a particular Fund. The Expense Ratio is calculated in accordance with the Investment Management Association of Singapore's guidelines on the disclosure of Expense Ratios. Different methods can be used when calculating the Expense Ratio of a Fund, including Total Expense Ratio (TER) and Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF) but these are broadly the same.

Money Market Instruments

Money Market Instruments are highly liquid, Fixed Income securities, issued by governments and corporations with high credit ratings. Because of the high quality of the issuers and because of the short-term maturities, Money Market Instruments are considered to be relatively secure investments

Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF)

A type of Expense Ratio. The Ongoing Charges Figure is based on expenses of the underlying fund for the previous year and is a ratio of the total ongoing charges to the underlying fund's average Net Asset Value over its last reporting period. This figure may vary from year to year. The ongoing charges are applied by the underlying investment manager and pay for management and sundry costs of running the underlying fund, including marketing and distribution. These charges reduce the potential growth of your investment.

For more information about charges, please consult the Prospectus for the underlying Fund of the ILP Sub-Fund invested in, available from <u>https://www.fpinternational.sg/phs</u>.

Details of the calculation methodology can be found in full at <u>https://www.esma.europa.eu/sites/default/files/library/2015/11/10_674.pdf</u>.

Open Ended Investment Company

An open-ended collective investment vehicle, structured as an investment company, where new shares are created or redeemed, depending on demand from investors.

Specified Investment Product (SIP)

SIP is a class of investment products defined by the Monetary Authority of Singapore (MAS). Generally, (although not in all instances), financial advisers must carry out more due diligence, including customer knowledge assessment, when advising about a SIP.

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